

Product Description — DSM-16D Dual 4:1 Differential Switching Matrix with Integrated Baluns

Introduction

Dual 4-input Differential Relay Matrix – A 19" x 22" x 3.5" rack mountable, dual 4-input differential binary relay tree matrix with integrated baluns and a bandwidth of over 2.5GHz. This unit is intended to extend the input capability of the DTS-207X from 2 single-ended to 8 differential channels by combining dual differential 4:1 switch matrices and differential to single-ended baluns. The matrix can be controlled manually from the front panel or remotely via the RS-232C port at the back of the DTS. Remote control of the DSM-16D via GPIB commands to the DTS makes integration into an automated environment fast with no special hardware or software required. The DSM-16D is designed to be used as a 1 of 4 matrix to the DTS channel input (1 of 4 to Channel 1, and 1 of 4 to Channel 2 — See Figure 1). The DSM-16D includes an RS232C cable for connecting to the DTS-207X Series of Digital Time Measurement products.

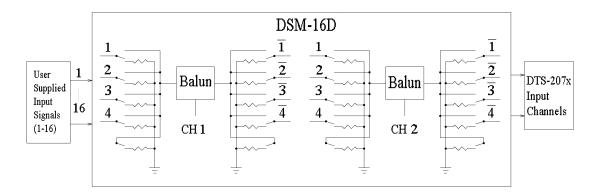


Figure 1

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Frequency range	. 30MHz – 2.5GHz @ 3dB
VSWR	2.5 : 1 maximum
Insertion loss (less coupling)	. 2.5dB nominal
Channel-to-Channel Isolation	. 100dB minimum
Balun CMRR	. 26dB minimum
Skew to any path	±10ps maximum
Impedance	. 50Ω nominal
Unused inputs	. Terminated 50Ω to ground
Matrix switching time	<50ms
Relay control	RS232C
Front panel inputs	± 1.3 VAC maximum
Minimum relay life	. 5 million switches per channel (Maximum input

Power Requirements

Voltage requirements	90 to 260 VAC @ 50-60 Hz
Input current	0.125A maximum
Fuses	

Temperature Requirements

Storage	0 -	70°	С
Operating	5 -	40°	С

Humidity

Storage	80%,	Non-condensing	
Operating	80%.	Non-condensing.	up to 31° C

voltage must not exceed ± 1.3 VAC)



Intended Use of Equipment

The DSM-16D should be used only for its intended purpose as outlined in this manual. To avoid possible injury, the DSM-16D should not be operated with the top cover or other panels removed. Refer installation and maintenance to qualified service personnel. To avoid explosion, do not operate the DSM-16D in or near an atmosphere of explosive gases. It is essential to maintain the protective earth ground through the grounding connector of the power cord. A loss of the protective ground can cause electrical shock. The DSM-16D is a Class 1 LED product. When the DSM-16D is installed into a rack enclosure, the rear power switch and power cord must be accessible for proper power disconnect or a proper power disconnect must be provided.

Installation of the DSM-16D

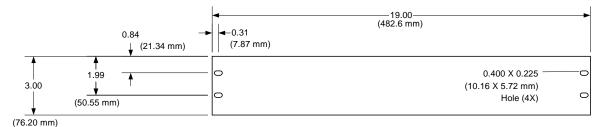


Figure 1 - Rack Mount Dimensions

- 1. Place the DSM-16D under the DTS unit.
- 2. Connect Channel 1 of the DSM to Channel 1 of the DTS.
- 3. Connect Channel 2 of the DSM to Channel 2 of the DTS.
- 4. Connect user inputs to appropriate DSM inputs.
- 5. Connect RS232C cable to RS232C port on the back of the DSM. Connect the other end of the cable to the back of the DTS-207X.
- 6. Connect power cord to unit and to AC power source.

User installation complete.

The DSM-16D front panel connections are only intended to be connected to signals where applied voltages will not exceed 1.3V pk-pk AC (Installation Category I).

Fuse Replacement

The IEC plug-in at the back of the DSM-16D provides the input connection for the AC power cord. A small compartment on the IEC plug houses two 2.0A/250V fuses (5x20mm). The manufacturer's part number is Wickmann IEC 19195-035. To gain access to the fuses, remove the power to the DSM-16D and disconnect the power cord. With a small screwdriver, pry open the fuse compartment on the IEC plug. Remove the fuse and install the new fuse prior to closing the compartment and reinstalling the power cord.

Cleaning

The outside of the DSM-16D should be cleaned with Isopropyl alcohol.

Remote Programming of the DSM-16D

Refer to the GPIB Programming Guide, Section 8, Channel Commands, included with your DTS-207x for DSM-16D control commands.

RS232 Interface

The interface operates at 9600 Baud, No Parity, 8 Bits and 1 Stop Bit. The basic command set is:

- D Disable manual switches
- E Enable manual switches
- R Read switches (4 bytes)
- V Read version number (3 bytes)

Wxy - write switch, x = bank, y = switch (All ASCII)

X - return char in output buffer, ? if empty

Hardware handshaking is not supported. On the read commands, handshaking is accomplished by initiating the command (R or V) then sending an "X" each time you are ready for another byte.



Sample Program

```
#include <windows.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
// All functions return 0 if successful
BOOL OpnDSM16 ( int FrontPanelOn );
BOOL SetDSM16 ( int Bank, int Channel );
BOOL GetDSM16 ( int *Bank1Channel, int *Bank2Channel );
HANDLE hCom;
int main ( void )
  int pass, chan, bank, retn[ 2 ];
  // Open the ComPort, leave the front panel switches enabled
  if ( OpnDSM16 ( 1 ) )
                                                  goto Error;
  // Scan through all valid channels on both banks 10 times
  // Read back the current bank/channel to validate
  for ( pass = 1; pass <= 10; pass++ )
    for ( bank = 1; bank \leftarrow 2; bank++ )
      for ( chan = 1; chan <= 8; chan++ )
        if ( SetDSM16 ( bank, chan ) )
                                                    goto Error;
        if ( GetDSM16 ( &retn[ 0 ], &retn[ 1 ] ) ) goto Error;
        if ( retn[ bank - 1 ] != chan )
                                                    goto Error;
 printf ( "DSM16 passed test....\n" );
 return 0;
 printf ( "DSM16 failed test....\n" );
  return -1;
BOOL OpnDSM16 ( int FrontPanelOn )
               dcb;
 DCB
 COMMTIMEOUTS cto;
 double
               vers;
               indx;
  int
 DWORD
               read;
 char
               buff[ 4 ];
  // Configure an open serial port, see Windows documentation for details
  if ( ! BuildCommDCB ( "96,N,8,1", &dcb ) ) return -1;
 hCom = CreateFile ( "COM1:", GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE, 0, NULL,
CREATE_ALWAYS, FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL, NULL );
  if ( hCom == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE ) return -1;
  cto.ReadIntervalTimeout
                                = 3;
  cto.ReadTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 5;
  cto.WriteTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 5;
  cto.ReadTotalTimeoutConstant = 50;
  cto.WriteTotalTimeoutConstant
                                = 50;
  if ( ! SetCommTimeouts ( hCom, &cto ) ) return -1;
  if (! SetupComm ( hCom, 2048, 2048 ) ) return -1;
  if ( ! SetCommState ( hCom, &dcb ) )
                                        return -1;
  // First send an "v" to to obtain the version
  if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "v", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
  // Handshaking is accomplished by sending an "x"
  // and then reading each of the three individual bytes
  for (indx = 0; indx < 3; indx++)
```



```
(cont'd)
       if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "x", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
       if ( ! ReadFile ( hCom, &buff[ indx ], 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
     // Convert the version number and validate that it is at least 1.3
    buff[3] = 0;
     sscanf ( buff, "%lf", &vers );
     if ( vers < 1.3 ) return -1;
     // Now enable/disable the front panel switches
     switch ( FrontPanelOn )
       case 0:
         if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "d", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
         break;
       default:
         if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "e", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
     return 0;
   BOOL SetDSM16 ( int Bank, int Channel )
    DWORD read;
    char buff[ 4 ];
     // The write command is a "w" followed by the bank and chan
     if (Channel < 10) sprintf ( buff, "w%c%c", Bank + '0', Channel + '0');
     else sprintf ( buff, "w%c%c", Bank + '0', Channel - 10 + 'A' );
    return ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, buff, 3, &read, NULL ) );
   BOOL GetDSM16 ( int *Bank1Channel, int *Bank2Channel )
     int
          indx;
    DWORD read;
     char buff[ 4 ];
     // First send an "r" to initiate the read
     if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "r", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
     // Handshaking is accomplished by sending an "x"
     // and then reading each of the four individual bytes
     for ( indx = 0; indx < 4; indx++ )
       if ( ! WriteFile ( hCom, "x", 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
       if ( ! ReadFile ( hCom, &buff[ indx ], 1, &read, NULL ) ) return -1;
     // The four returned bytes are: '1', bank1channel, '2', bank2channel
     if ( buff[ 0 ] != '1' || buff[ 2 ] != '2' ) return -1;
if ( (! isxdigit( buff[ 1 ] )) || (! isxdigit( buff[ 3 ] )) ) return -1;
     // Place the validated values in their locations and return
     if ( buff[ 1 ] <= '9' )</pre>
       *Bank1Channel = buff[ 1 ] - '0';
     *Bank1Channel = buff[ 1 ] + 10 - 'A';
     if ( buff[ 3 ] <= '9' )
       *Bank2Channel = buff[ 3 ] - '0';
       *Bank2Channel = buff[ 3 ] + 10 - 'A';
     return 0;
```